out Statewide rapid response activities. (WIA secs. 101(38), 112(b)(17)(A)(ii) and 134(a)(2)(A).)

§ 665.310 What rapid response activities are required?

Rapid response activities must include:

- (a) Immediate and on-site contact with the employer, representatives of the affected workers, and the local community, which may include an assessment of the:
- (1) Layoff plans and schedule of the employer:
- (2) Potential for averting the layoff(s) in consultation with State or local economic development agencies, including private sector economic development entities:
- (3) Background and probable assistance needs of the affected workers;
- (4) Reemployment prospects for workers in the local community; and
- (5) Available resources to meet the short and long-term assistance needs of the affected workers.
- (b) The provision of information and access to unemployment compensation benefits, comprehensive One-Stop system services, and employment and training activities, including information on the Trade Adjustment Assistance (TAA) program and the NAFTATAA program (19 U.S.C. 2271 et seq.);
- (c) The provision of guidance and/or financial assistance in establishing a labor-management committee voluntarily agreed to by labor and management, or a workforce transition committee comprised of representatives of the employer, the affected workers and the local community. The committee may devise and oversee an implementation strategy that responds to the reemployment needs of the workers. The assistance to this committee may include:
- (1) The provision of training and technical assistance to members of the committee:
- (2) Funding the operating costs of a committee to enable it to provide advice and assistance in carrying out rapid response activities and in the design and delivery of WIA-authorized services to affected workers. Typically, such support will last no longer than six months; and

- (3) Providing a list of potential candidates to serve as a neutral chair-person of the committee.
- (d) The provision of emergency assistance adapted to the particular closing, layoff or disaster.
- (e) The provision of assistance to the local board and chief elected official(s) to develop a coordinated response to the dislocation event and, as needed, obtain access to State economic development assistance. Such coordinated response may include the development of an application for National Emergency Grant under 20 CFR part 671. (WIA secs. 101(38) and 134(a)(2)(A).)

§665.320 May other activities be undertaken as part of rapid response?

- Yes, a State or designated entity may provide rapid response activities in addition to the activities required to be provided under §665.310. In order to provide effective rapid response upon notification of a permanent closure or mass layoff, or a natural or other disaster resulting in a mass job dislocation, the State or designated entity may:
- (a) In conjunction, with other appropriate Federal, State and Local agencies and officials, employer associations, technical councils or other industry business councils, and labor organizations:
- (1) Develop prospective strategies for addressing dislocation events, that ensure rapid access to the broad range of allowable assistance;
- (2) Identify strategies for the aversion of layoffs; and
- (3) Develop and maintain mechanisms for the regular exchange of information relating to potential dislocations, available adjustment assistance, and the effectiveness of rapid response strategies.
- (b) In collaboration with the appropriate State agency(ies), collect and analyze information related to economic dislocations, including potential closings and layoffs, and all available resources in the State for dislocated workers in order to provide an adequate basis for effective program mangement, review and evaluation of rapid response and layoff aversion efforts in the State.